

ΗΞ	Risk Assessment Prompt Sheet									
Ref: PS:045:01	Re Biological Agents Risk Assessment for HSE Residential Care Facilities during COVID-19									
Issue date:	August 2022Revised date:August 2023Version No.2									
Author(s):	National Health & Safety Function (NHSF)									
Note: Legislation:	Under Section 19 of the <i>Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act, 2005</i> and associated Regulations, it is the duty of the employer to identify the hazards and assess the associated risks in the workplace. In addition to this requirement, the <u>Biological Agents Regulations</u> require that the employer:									
	Assesses any risk to the safety and health of employees resulting from any activity at that employer's place of work likely to involve a risk of exposure of any employee to a biological agent. It is the employer's duty to determine the nature, degree and duration of any employee's exposure to a biological agent and to lay down the measures to be taken to ensure the safety and health of such employees.									
	All risk assessments must be in writing and the necessary control measures to eliminate or minimise the risks documented and implemented.									
Scope :	Prevention of exposure to a biological agent is an underlying principle of the Regulations. To ensure this preventative principle is followed a documented biological agents risk assessment must be undertaken to determine if existing workplace controls are adequate.									
	The Biological Agents Risk Assessment form is available to download here									
	The following non-exhaustive list of prompts based on the <u>Public Health & Infection</u> <u>Prevention & Control Guidelines on the Prevention and Management of Cases and</u> <u>Outbreaks of COVID-19, Influenza & other Respiratory Infections in Residential Care</u> <u>Facilities</u> has been developed to support managers in consultation with their employees to review and update their Biological Agents COVID-19 Risk Assessments. Note 1: The prompt sheet <u>is not</u> a risk assessment form. The completed prompt sheet can be referenced and appended to the <u>Biological Agents Risk Assessment</u> <u>Form</u> to provide evidence of existing control measures in place.									



Key Amendments						
Section	Amendments					
Note	Workwell logo removed.					
Scope – Note 1	Inserted "Biological Agents" to Risk Assessment form.					
	Note 1 updated to include HSE Biological Agent website hyperlink under Biological Agents Risk Assessment Form. <u>https://healthservice.hse.ie/staff/health-and-safety/biological-agents/</u>					
Q.43	Health and Safety Authority hyperlink updated in question 43. https://www.hsa.ie/eng/Publications and Forms/Forms/					

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
	on 1- General measures to prevent a COVID-19 outbreak during the	-			
To fa	cilitate early identification and planning for cases or suspected cases	s of COV	ID-19 the	e followin	g measures are in place.
1	A COVID-19 preparedness plan is in place to include: planning for cohorting of residents (COVID-19 separate from non-COVID-19), enhanced IPC, training for Healthcare Workers (HCWs), establishing surge capacity and promoting resident and family communication				
2	Each ward or floor operates where possible as a discrete unit or zone, i.e. HCWs and equipment are dedicated to a specific area and are not rotated from other areas (this includes night duty)				
3	Dedicated HCWs are assigned to work in the facility and do not move across settings				
4	The vaccination of staff against Covid-19, including booster vaccination should be encouraged				
5	External contractors should ensure that their staff who may enter clinical areas are vaccinated				
6	PCR testing is recommended for only symptomatic patients and staff				
7	There is an adequate availability of supplies including tissues, alcohol based hand rub (ABHR), hand wipes, cleaning products (including disinfectants) and personal protective equipment				
8	HCWs are aware of the early signs and symptoms of COVID- 19 in residents presenting and know who to alert if they have a concern				
9	All HCWs have training in standard precautions, in particular hand hygiene, respiratory hygiene & cough etiquette and in transmission based precautions (Contact, Droplet & Airborne) including the appropriate use of PPE				

No		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
10	Staff who are engaged in the practice of collecting viral swab				
	samples for testing for SARS-CoV-2 have received the appropriate				
	training				
11	Residents are aware to report any new symptoms of illness to				
	staff members				
12	The wearing of masks by residents is in line with the <u>Current</u>				
	recommendations for the use of Personal Protective (PPE) in the				
	context of the COVID-19 pandemic				
13	Residents with symptoms of COVID-19 are asked not to join in				
	social activities until they are no longer infectious. This continues				
	to apply to people who have been vaccinated including booster				
14	Residents engaged in social activity are encouraged to practice				
	hand hygiene and cough etiquette				
15	Before any group activity, it is confirmed that participants have				
	no symptoms that suggest COVID-19				
16	HCWs adhere to physical distancing measures during break and				
	meal times				
Note	: Hand Hygiene and Respiratory Hygiene are essential Preventative	e Measu	res		
Secti	on 2- Infection Prevention and Control Measures				
Hand	l Hygiene				
17	HCWs apply <u>WHO My 5 Moments for Hand Hygiene</u> before				
	touching a resident, before any clean or aseptic procedure is				
	performed, after exposure to body fluid, after touching a resident				
	and after touching a residents' surroundings				

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
18	 Hand hygiene is performed immediately before every episode of direct resident care and after any activity or contact that potentially results in hands becoming contaminated, including the removal of PPE, equipment decontamination, handling of waste and laundry. Note: Hand hygiene includes either cleaning hands with an alcohol based hand rub or with soap and water Alcohol based hand rubs are preferred if hands are not visibly soiled / dirty Wash hands with soap and water when they are visibly soiled 				
19	Residents are encouraged to wash their hands after toileting, after blowing their nose, before and after eating and when leaving their room. Where the resident's cognitive state is impaired HCWs help with this activit				
Resp	iratory Hygiene		•	•	
20	All residents are advised to cover their nose and mouth with a tissue when coughing and sneezing				
21	All HCWs adhere to respiratory hygiene and cough etiquette				
22	Disposable single use tissues are used to cover the nose and mouth when sneezing, coughing or wiping and blowing the nose				
23	When a resident requires assistance with containment of respiratory secretions the HCW performs hand hygiene after contact with respiratory secretions				
24	HCWs and residents are advised to keep hands away from their eyes, mouth and nose				

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
Pers	onal Protective Equipment (PPE) – Also See Section 6 Qs 49-54				
25	Every HCW undertakes a dynamic risk assessment* PRIOR to				
	performing a clinical care task, to inform the level of IPC				
	precautions needed, including the choice of appropriate PPE for				
	those who need to be present.				
	The choice and selection of PPE is based on risk assessment and				
	in line with the <u>Current recommendations for the use of Personal</u>				
	Protective (PPE) in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic				
	*an informal on-the-spot undocumented risk assessment which				
	is undertaken prior to undertaking any task				
Secti	on 3- Transmission Based Precautions				
Coho	orting (Physical Distancing Measures) for residents with possible or	confirn	ned COV	D-19	
26	Residents with possible or confirmed COVID-19 are placed in a				
	dedicated 'zone' with dedicated staff where possible (single				
	rooms close together, or in multi occupancy areas within the				
	building or section of a ward/unit).				
	Note:				
	1.Only Residents with a diagnosis of COVID-19 can be cohorted				
	together				
	2. Where possible the area should not be used as a				
	thoroughfare by other residents, visitors or staff				
27	Staff assigned to the care of a resident in these circumstances				
	should be staff who have been vaccinated (including booster				
20	vaccination)				
28	Arrangements are in place to identify a new case of COVID-19				
	and control transmission, through active monitoring of residents				
20	and staff for new symptoms of infection			_	
29	Signage is displayed to reduce entry into the resident's room and				
	the door remains closed				

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
30	Where practicable, residents are cared for in a single room with en-suite facilities. If there is no en-suite toilet a dedicated commode is used, with arrangements in place for safe removal of a bedpan/urinal to an appropriate disposal point. Where this is not possible, safe access to a toilet close by, that is assigned for the use of that resident and cleaned after use				
31	Where residents are cohorted in multi-occupancy rooms every effort is made to minimise cross-transmission risk: by maintaining as much physical distance as possible between beds; and or reducing the number of residents/beds in the area to facilitate distancing				
32	Privacy curtains are used where available between the beds to minimise opportunities for close contact				
33	Where possible, a team of HCWs is designated to care exclusively for suspected or confirmed cases to reduce the risk of transmission				
34	The choice and selection of PPE is based on risk assessment and in line with the <u>Current recommendations for the use of Personal</u> <u>Protective (PPE) in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic</u>				

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
Manag	ement of close contacts of a possible or confirmed case of COVID	D-19			· ·
35	Residents who are contacts of a confirmed or possible case				
	are accommodated in a single room with their own en-suite				
	facilities. Where this is not possible, cohorting in small groups				
	(2 to 4) with other contacts is facilitated				
Care o	f the dying and recently deceased				
36	Care of the dying and recently deceased is in line with the				
	requirements of Public Health & Infection Prevention &				
	Control Guidelines on the Prevention and Management of				
	Cases and Outbreaks of COVID-19, Influenza & other				
	Respiratory Infections in Residential Care Facilities				
Section	1 4 - Administrative Controls				
37	HCWs are provided with adequate training in standard				
	precautions and transmission based precautions				
38	There are sufficient numbers of staff with the necessary				
	experience and competencies to meet the needs of residents				
	and which reflect the size, layout and purpose of the service				
	and contingency plans are in place in the event of a shortfall				
	in staffing levels or a change in the acuity of residents'				
	Ref HIQA (2016) National Standards for Residential Care				
	Settings for Older People in Ireland				
39	There is a local visitor restriction policy in place in line with				
	the requirements of Public Health & Infection Prevention &				
	Control Guidelines on the Prevention and Management of				
	Cases and Outbreaks of COVID-19, Influenza & other				
	Respiratory Infections in Residential Care Facilities				

No		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
40	HCWs have been advised to launder their uniforms separately				
	from other household linen (in a load not more than half the				
	machine capacity at the maximum temperature the fabric)				
41	HCWs have been advised not to bring personal items,				
	including mobile phones into isolation or cohort areas				
42	There is a system in place for managing and reporting				
	incidents of COVID-19 in line and the HSE Incident				
	Management Framework				
43	There are arrangements in place for a Manager to notify the				
	Health and Safety Authority when they become aware of a				
	confirmed case of COVID-19 or death of an employee (e.g.				
	informed by a medical practitioner, public health or other				
	health professional) as a result of the employee carrying out				
	work with the coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2)				
	https://www.hsa.ie/eng/Publications_and_Forms/Forms/				
Equipn	nent				
44	Where possible single-use equipment is used for each				
	resident and disposed of as healthcare waste inside the room.				
45	Where single use equipment is not possible, dedicated care				
	equipment is used in the residents' room or cohort area and is				
	not shared with other residents in non COVID-19 areas e.g.				
	lifting devices, commodes, moving aides etc.				

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
46	Where it is not possible to dedicate pieces of equipment to				
	the resident or cohort area, equipment is decontaminated				
	immediately after use and before use on any resident				
	following standard cleaning protocols				
Cleanin	g and decontamination				
47	Residents observation charts, medication prescription and				
	administration records (drug kardex) and healthcare records				
	are not taken into the residents room to limit the risk of				
	contamination				
48	Local procedures are in place to manage laundry, catering,				
	and decontamination of equipment during COVID-19 in line				
	with the recommendation outlined in <u>Public Health &</u>				
	Infection Prevention & Control Guidelines on the Prevention				
	and Management of Cases and Outbreaks of COVID-19,				
	Influenza & other Respiratory Infections in Residential Care				
	<u>Facilities</u>				
49	Local cleaning and disinfection procedures are implemented,				
	monitored and reviewed regularly in line with <u>Public Health &</u>				
	Infection Prevention & Control Guidelines on the Prevention				
	and Management of Cases and Outbreaks of COVID-19,				
	Influenza & other Respiratory Infections in Residential Care				
	<u>Facilities</u>				
Healtho	are Risk Waste				
50	All COVID-19 related waste is disposed of as healthcare risk				
	waste				
51	There is a contract in place for the collection of healthcare risk				
	waste from the facility				

No.		Yes	No	N/A	If yes, Document Evidence
52	There is an adequate number of foot pedal operated				
	healthcare risk waste bins provided.				
Section	6- PPE (General)				
Infectio	n Prevention and Control practice supported by appropriate use	of PPE is	importar	nt to mini	mise risk to patients of healthcare associated COVID-19.
Note: T	he rational, correct and consistent use of PPE can help reduce t	he sprea	d of COVI	D-19. PP	PE effectiveness depends strongly on adequate and regular
supplies	, adequate training, appropriate hand hygiene and appropriate h	uman be	<i>haviour</i> . T	he funda	mental principle of the hierarchy of controls is that personal
protecti	ve equipment (PPE) should only be used as a last resort after all	other pr	ecautions	have bee	en implemented.
53	The choice and selection of PPE is based on risk assessment				
	and in line with the <u>Current recommendations for the use of</u>				
	Personal Protective (PPE) in the context of the COVID-19				
	<u>pandemic.</u>				
54	The wearing of masks by residents is in line with the <u>Current</u>				
	recommendations for the use of Personal Protective (PPE) in				
	the context of the COVID-19 pandemic.				
55	There is access to adequate supplies of onsite PPE at the				
	point of care.				
56	All HCWs have reviewed HSE video resources / completed				
	the HSELanD Modules on donning and doffing PPE.				
57	There is a buddy system in place for donning and doffing PPE				
	to minimise the risk of accidental contamination.				

Use the	Use the columns below to document any local existing control measures not referenced above				
No.).				